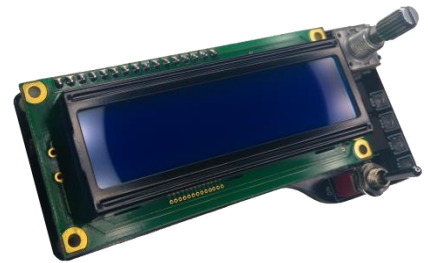


FEATURES

- Π Easy-To-Use Interface.
- Π User-Friendly Design.
- Π Wide Input Supply Voltage Operating Range: 9V-18V
- Π High Peak Output Current: 6A
- Π Low Output Impedance: 2.5Ω
- Π Low Output Voltage Swing: 0-25mV
- Π High Capacitive Load Drive Capability: 10.000 pF
- Π High-Speed Charging: 28 ns - 2.500 pF Load - 12V Charge
- Π Wide Output Frequency Operating Range: 3 Hz - 1 MHz



APPLICATIONS

- Π P & N Channel MOSFET, IGBT Switching.
- Π H Bridge & Half Bridge Drivers.
- Π Switch-Mode Power Supplies.
- Π High Voltage Transformer And Pulse Transformer Drivers .
- Π Class D Switching Amplifiers.
- Π R,L And/Or C Load Control.
- Π Hobby.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

PS105F6A-07W21 is a MOSFET and IGBT driver device with 9-18V working voltage and two outputs with maximum current capacity of 6A(Peak). One of the two outputs is inverted and the other is non-inverted. With Amplifier modules and driver design used in circuit board, the capacitive load on the gate terminals of MOSFETs and IGBTs quickly charges with a six amperage peak current. (12V - 28 ns. - 2,5 nF). In this way, higher current levels can be controlled without switching distortions at higher frequencies.

The control mechanism is very useful and user friendly. All the control operations are carried out with an rotary encoder at the upper right of the circuit board. Each change is saved in the internal memory of the device. For detailed information on how to use control procedures, see **Description With Image**.

DESCRIPTION WITH IMAGE

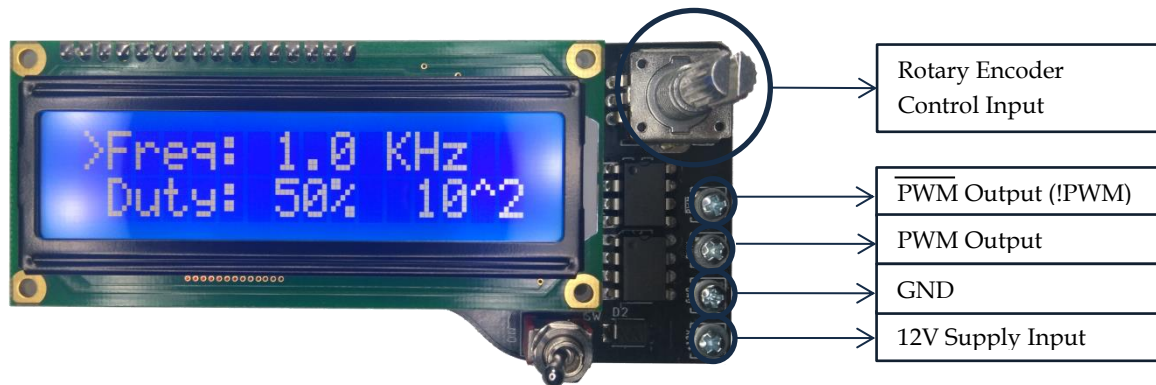


Image 1: Display of Pin inputs / outputs and control input

Pin	Description	Note
Rotary Encoder Control Input	It is used to select the configuration and to change its value.	1-) <u>Pressing on</u> : Selects the next configuration. 2-) <u>Turn clockwise</u> : Increases the value of the selected configuration. 3-) <u>Turn counterclockwise</u> : Reduces the value of the selected configuration.
12V	9-18V Supply Input	Nominal 12V
GND	GND	–
!PWM Output	Inverted PWM Output.	Ideal for Half-Bridge and Full-Bridge applications .
PWM Output	Desired PWM Output .	–

Table 1: Pin Configurations

The PWM outputs and supply inputs has been prepared M2 (2 mm diameter) wide according to the requirements of the applications. In this way, it can also be used in applications without Solder. See **Technical Drawing** for physical information of device and pin outputs.

No.	Description	Note
1	The Selected Configuration Indicator	You can select other configurations by pressing the angular reader with your finger. 1-) Bring the selected configuration indicator over the value you want to change, 2-) Then turn the angular reader clockwise or vice versa.
2	Frequency Value	
3	Duty Cycle Value	
4	Increase & Decrease Sensitivity	

Table 2: Introduction Of Display

For each change made on the Display, the device starts a series of mathematical operations and is shown on the display in 50 ms by calculating the configuration closest to the desired value to the resolution values of the device. For more information on resolution values, see **Electrical Specifications**.

Note: Each change is saved in the internal memory of the device. thus, it does not require reconfiguration on each run.

Note: You can change the display brightness with precision-tuned resistance on the left side of the circuit board below the display.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

⏏ Pushing the device to operate above the “Max.” listed in the table below may cause the device to overheat and to take up permanent damage. It is inconclusive that the device will function beyond the operating limits as set out in this technical document. Prolonged exposure to work under “maximum” rating conditions may affect device reliability.

Table 3: Electrical Specifications

Conditions: Unless Otherwise Noted, $T_O = +25^{\circ}C$ and $9V \leq V_{IN} \leq 18V$.						
Parameters	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Condition
Input						
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	9	12	18	V	DC
Input Current	I_{IN}	–	0,2	0,3	A	$f = 1\text{ KHz}$
		–	0,3	0,5		$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
Output						
Output Voltage, High	$V_{OUT,HIGH}$	$V_{IN} - 0,025$	V_{IN}	$V_{IN} + 0,025$	V	DC
Output Voltage, Low	$V_{OUT,LOW}$	0	0	0,025	V	DC
Output Resistance, High	$R_{OUT,HIGH}$	–	2,1	2,8	Ω	$V_{IN} = 18V$
Output Resistance, Low	$R_{OUT,LOW}$	–	1,5	2,5	Ω	$V_{IN} = 18V$
Peak Output Current	I_{PK}	–	6	–	A	$V_{IN} = 18V$
Latch-Up Protection Withstand Reverse Current	I_{REV}	–	>1.5	–	A	Duty: %2 $f \geq 3\text{ KHz}$
Output Frequency	f_o	0,003	300	1000	KHz	$V_{IN} = 12V$
Frequency Resolution [KHz]		17	20	30		$750 \leq f_o \leq 1.000$
		7	10	17		$500 \leq f_o \leq 750$
		1	5	7		$200 \leq f_o \leq 500$
		0,3	0,5	1		$100 \leq f_o \leq 200$
		0,07	0,18	0,30		$50 \leq f_o \leq 100$
		0,003	0,020	0,076		$10 \leq f_o \leq 50$
		0,001	0,002	0,003		$5 \leq f_o \leq 10$
		0,001	0,001	0,001		$0,004 \leq f_o \leq 5$
Switching						
Rise Time	t_R	–	28	50	ns	$C_L = 2,5\text{ nF}$
Fall Time	t_F	–	28	50	ns	$V_{IN} = 12V$
Output Power Dissipation	W_{PD}	–	300	730	mW	Note 1

Note1: Power consumption is directly related to Total Gate Charge[Q_g] and Total Input Capacitance[pF] of the MOSFETs and/or IGBTs group to be controlled. See: **Figure 1, 2, 3 and 4.**

Note: Application areas with intense magnetic and electric field changes, it will be useful for both your application and device that the device and the trigger signal are not exposed to harmful effects of the environment, the surface prepared for assembly is grounded and the transmit the signal via a grounded cable.

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND SAFE OPERATION AREA

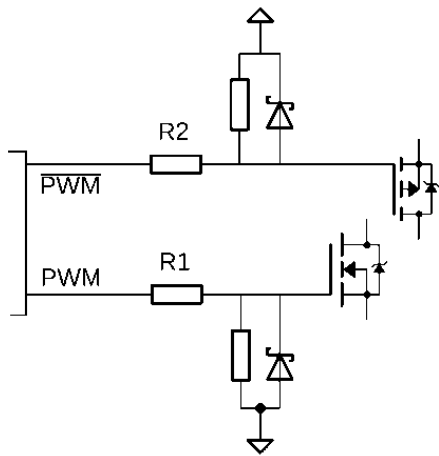
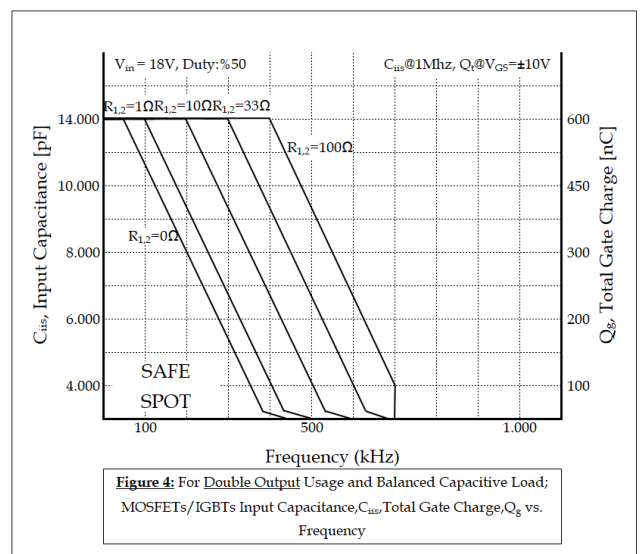
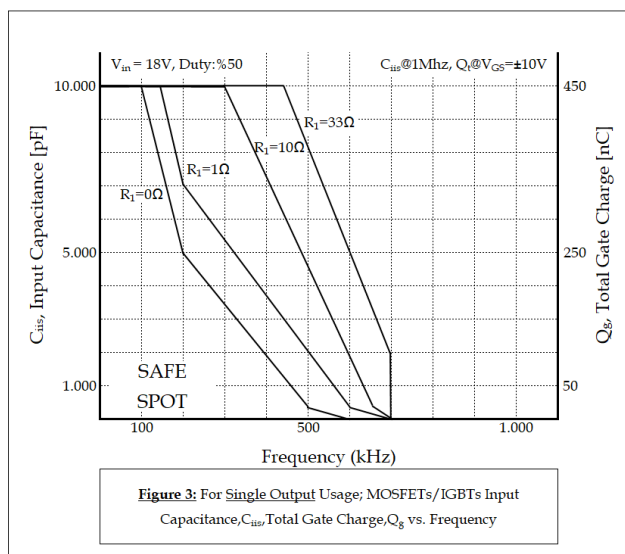
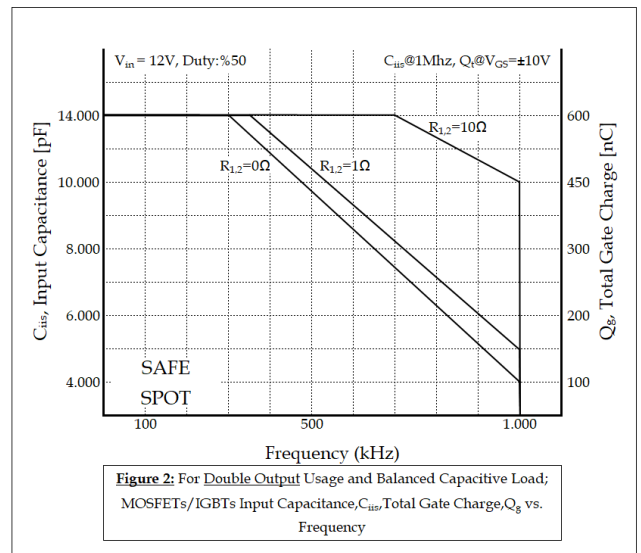
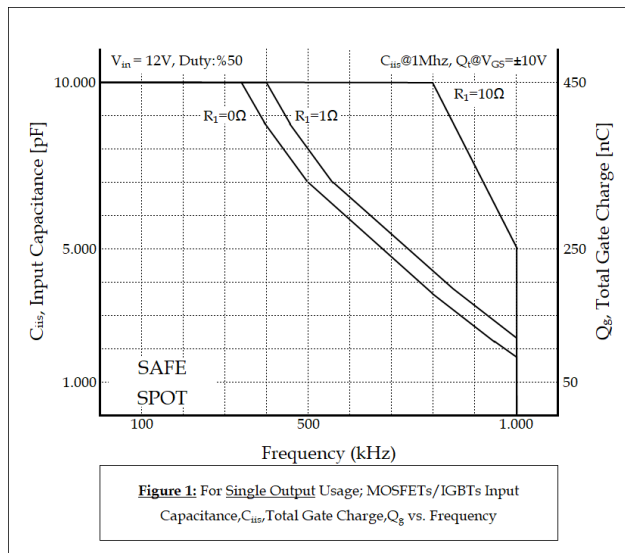


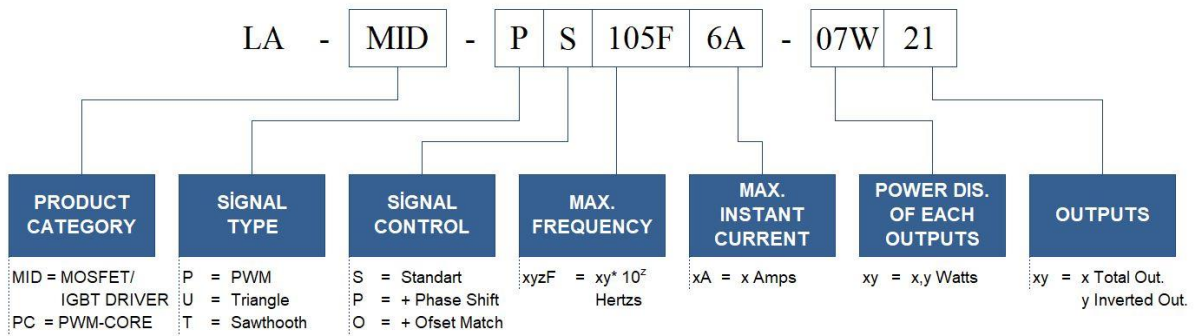
Diagram 1: Sample Test Circuit

Information: The C_{iis} , Input Capacitance, mentioned in the test results presented below is the Total Input Capacitance of the MOSFETs and IGBTs used at $V_{GS}=0$, $V_{DS}=\pm 25V$, $f=1.0MHz$. Q_g , Total Gate Charge, The Total Gate Charge of the MOSFETs and IGBTs used at $V_{GS} = \pm 10V$, $I_D=0.8I_{Dmax}$ $V_{DS}=0.8V_{DSmax}$.

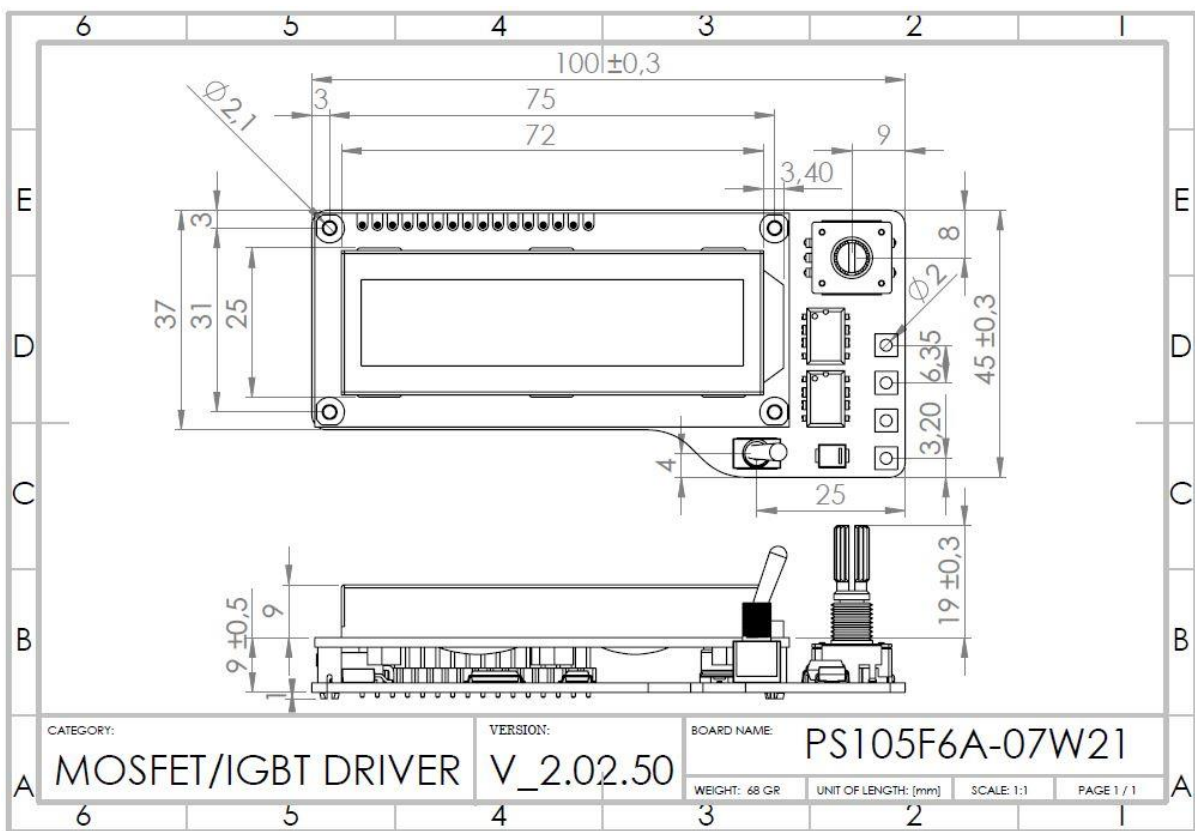
Warning: MOSFETs and IGBTs that will be used in a way that does not exceed the maximum output power of the device should be placed in accordance with the mentioned characteristics [Note1] of the appropriate gate resistance. Operating the device outside the safe area as shown in the illustration may cause the device to overheat and to cause permanent damage.



PRODUCT CODE



TECHNICAL DRAWING



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